

ADRIANOPOLE IN FLAMES

Second Largest Turkish City Swept
by Fire.

MANY MORE MASSACRES.

Reports of Trouble From All Sections of the Turkish Empire—The Sultan's Minister to the United States Makes a Statement.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Aug. 31.—The Dnevnik publishes a report that one section of the city of Adrianople is in flames and that three other sections have been burned. The inhabitants are panic-stricken, and the authorities have lost all control. The Turks are committing wholesale massacres. An unsuccessful attempt was made, the Dnevnik's advice says, to blow up the west bound orient express between Uzunikiri and Echernekia. Only the locomotive, however, was derailed.

A telegram from Lerec says the railway station at Eski was blown up, a number of officials being killed and the rails torn up for a distance of 150 meters.

An unconfirmed report is in circulation here that the insurgents have blown up the barracks of the Turkish troops at Adrianople.

A private telegram from Rila, forty miles from this city, says the Bulgarian troops on the frontier have been ordered to combine with the Turkish frontier forces in order to prevent insurgent bands from entering Macedonia. Despite this combination of forces, however, 100 revolutionaries succeeded in crossing the frontier, and fighting is proceeding in the direction of Rozlog. The sound of cannon, the dispatch says, can be distinctly heard in Rila.

The insurgents have blown up the lighthouse at Vasiliko and now occupy all the principal points along the Black sea coast. The barracks at Demotika, near Adrianople, have been blown up and the garrison killed. Four thousand Albanians are pillaging the villages in the districts of Okrida and Krushevo. The latter district has been deserted by the population, who have joined the insurgents in the mountains. The Turkish forces in the frontier districts have been largely increased.

CHEKIB BEY'S VIEWS.

Declares That His Country Desires
Friendship With America.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Chekib Bey, the Turkish minister to the United States, has given in an interview his views of the relations between his country and the United States in view of the dispatch of American ships to Turkish waters. This action is rendered necessary, according to the state department, by the attack on William C. Magellan, our consul at Beirut, resulting at first in the report of his death. This report is now denied, but the cruisers San Francisco and Brooklyn and gunboat Machias are now on their way to Beirut.

"I was profoundly distressed," Chekib Bey said, "at the news from Beirut and believed that there must have been some mistake, because I had heard nothing about it from my government. 'What I may say about Turkish-American relations will, I hope, be received in the spirit in which it is said, for it has always been my endeavor during the three years that I have represented the porte in the United States to work always for the better relations of the two countries, and I shall certainly not cease in my efforts in this direction at a critical time like this. 'I appreciate fully the reasons for the dispatch of the American squadron. Rear Admiral Cotton is carrying his ships to protect the lives of American citizens, but have you considered that this may have the opposite effect and stimulate the revolutionists to further outrages, thereby increasing the difficulties in the way of the porte's protection of foreigners? I must refuse at this time, however, to comment on this. I fervently hope immediate relief will be forthcoming.

"My government would be very unwilling to believe that any but the best relations existed between it and the United States. Of course, the worst may come and relations broken off, but I do not think so.

"Patience is necessary in international affairs. My sovereign has promised what you have asked or the most of your requests, and he will certainly carry out his promises. You must remember that my country is very much occupied at present, and I hope the Washington government will appreciate this and not insist on a final adjustment of all pending controversies until the interior troubles have quieted.

"Your officials are supremely just and have always treated me with such consideration that I am confident the Washington government will appreciate my country's position and not be disposed to act impatiently."

Carrle Station on the Stage.

New York, Aug. 31.—Carrie Nation has decided to go on the stage and will appear in a revival of "Ten Nights in a Barroom" early this autumn, playing the part of Mrs. Slade. The old play is to be altered so as to be up to date, and actual events in which Mrs. Nation has participated are to be brought out vividly on the stage.

Berlin Sees American Play.

Berlin, Aug. 31.—The new German-American theater, to be devoted to the production of plays of German life in the United States, has opened with "Over the Big Pond." Adolph Philipp, the author of the comedy, assumed the leading part in the production.

MANEUVERS ENDED.

Results May Not Reach the Public For Many Months.

Portland, Me., Aug. 31.—The joint army and navy maneuvers have been concluded, the combined north Atlantic fleet, commanded by Rear Admiral Barker and accompanied by Admirals Sands, Wise and Coghlan, sailing to the westward for target practice off the New England coast and the defense of the harbor being withdrawn rapidly.

Rear Admiral Barker and General Chaffee have both granted interviews, but they did not of course make public their reports. The definite results of the maneuvers, it is stated, will not reach the public for many months, if they ever do. The detailed reports of the eight umpires and twenty-two observers will be forwarded to the war department and there carefully compiled. If the definite results become known it will be only through the Washington officials. A board of arbitrators was appointed, two for each service and the fifth by agreement between the army and navy commanders. Naval observers for the forts and military observers for the ships also watched the operations.

The reports of the umpires, observers and commanding officers will afford the basis for decision by the board of arbitration. A final opinion is expected from each commanding officer ashore as to the sufficiency of the present fixed defenses and of their relative value at night or in thick foggy weather; also to what extent mines and obstructions are applicable, whether there are enough searchlights and rapid fire batteries to cover the mine fields and prevent countermining and whether some mobile defense is necessary for the same purpose in thick foggy weather or at night.

Violated Maine Liquor Law.

Bangor, Me., Aug. 31.—In the supreme court Hugh Jameson, William A. Withee and Charles H. Reed, liquor dealers, were sentenced to six months each in jail on liquor indictments to which they demurred in February. On an indictment found since they were fined \$200 and costs and sentenced to six months in jail. On a later search and seizure they were fined \$1,000 and costs, with sixty days in jail. The jail sentences are to be suspended on payment of fines and on condition that they keep out of the liquor business.

Textile Workers to Resume.

Philadelphia, Aug. 31.—The textile workers employed in John and James Dobson's mills, who have been on strike since June 1 for a week of fifty-five hours, have given up the struggle. The mills employ 2,000 hands. At a meeting of the strikers the operatives voted unanimously to return to work at the old sixty hour terms. The firm has agreed to make weekly payment of wages instead of biweekly, as heretofore.

To Get Gift of Quarter Million.

New York, Aug. 31.—As a reward for the faithful performance of his duties Joseph C. Hendrix, president of the National Bank of Commerce, will receive a gift of \$250,000 upon his retiring from the chief position of the bank, which is to be merged in the Western National Bank of the United States within a few weeks. He will be a member of the executive committee of the new bank.

The Italian Railroad Disaster.

Rome, Aug. 31.—All the persons injured in the railway accident near Udine, sixty miles from Venice, when a train crowded with soldiers collided with a freight train, have been brought here and placed in hospitals. They number fifty-seven and include two captains and thirteen lieutenants. The condition of twelve of the injured is serious. Twenty persons were killed in the disaster.

A Thirteen-year-old Murderer.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 31.—John Dey, thirteen years old, has confessed that he put strychnine in a glass of water which his stepmother drank, supposing it to be a dose of salts. Mrs. Dey died an hour after drinking the poison. The boy says he intended the poison for his stepmother, Miss Marcella Simpson, who had been visiting the Dey house. He may be sent to a reformatory.

Jumping Record Broken.

Boston, Aug. 31.—During an exhibition of gymnastic and athletic exercises at the Charlesbank gymnasium Louis Guetion of Weymouth in the professional running broad jump without weights cleared 22 feet 8 inches. This is two inches better than the world's professional record, made by Tom Keene of Boston in England.

Shaw on Western Trip.

New York, Aug. 31.—Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw, after a conference with the president, has left Oyster Bay to begin an extended trip through the middle west. He will deliver two or three addresses on his journey. He probably will not return to Washington before Sept. 15.

New Russian Premier.

London, Aug. 31.—A dispatch to the Central News from St. Petersburg says M. Witte, the minister of finance, has been promoted to president of the committee of ministers and that M. Plehke, director of the Imperial State bank, has been appointed minister of finance.

Accused of Poisoning Husband.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—Mrs. Martin Bowers and her sister, Mrs. C. C. Sutton, are held by the police in connection with the death of Mrs. Bowers' husband, who died last Tuesday apparently from arsenical poisoning.

Wins Richest Horse Race.

New York, Aug. 31.—The Futurity, the richest horse race in America, has been won by Hamburg Belle.

THE REXALL REMEDIES

Have made many friends in the few months that they have been on the market, and the

Rexall KIDNEY CURE

is one of the best. It is a liquid remedy and unlike pills—which have to dissolve, and they don't always do that—it enters into the circulation at once and goes right to the spot.

Two sizes, small 45c. and large 85c.

Sold only at the

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PANAMA CANAL RUMOR.

Bullet in Colombia That We Will Annex the Isthmus.

Colon, Colombia, Aug. 31.—Newspapers at hand from the interior state that a rumor was current in Bogota just previous to the rejection by the senate of the Panama canal treaty that isthmian commissioners had already arrived in the United States for the purpose of forwarding a scheme for the annexation of the isthmus in case the treaty was rejected. Doubtless, the papers say, this report was believed by many and was the cause of much ill feeling.

It is rumored that owing to the recent affair in Panama the contingent of the army on the isthmus is soon to be replaced by another.

The affair referred to in the above dispatch is doubtless that of July 25 last when the national forces at Panama surrounded the governor's palace because the troops had not been paid, attempted to arrest the governor and did arrest a number of officials.

General Alfredo Vasquez Cobos, minister of war, has tendered his resignation as a result of the occurrence of July 25 last. President Marroquin, however, refused to accept General Cobos' resignation.

Missouri's Action Against Monopoly.

Jefferson City, Mo., Aug. 31.—Attorney General Crow has struck his first blow at the so-called terminal monopoly, which, it is charged, is throttling the commerce of St. Louis, by instituting before the Missouri supreme court quo warranto proceedings to annul the charters of the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway company, the Higgins Ferry company and the St. Louis Terminal Railway association. The petition is of a sweeping character and charges in effect that the railroads centering at St. Louis have formed practically a conspiracy to control the arteries of trade throughout the Mississippi valley.

First Steel Six Master Launched.

Quincy, Mass., Aug. 31.—The William L. Douglas, the first steel six masted schooner ever built, has been successfully launched from the yards of the Fore River Ship and Engine company. The Douglas is 306 feet on the water line, 335 feet 6 inches over all, 48 feet beam and has a displacement equal to 7,700 tons. She was designed by B. B. Crowninshield. Her six masts and the bowsprit are all of steel, only the topmasts being of wood, and she will carry 36,000 square feet of canvas. The vessel was built for the Coastwise Transportation company and will be engaged in the coal carrying trade.

Defauter Allen Seen.

Boston, Aug. 31.—News has been received here that William S. Allen, who ran away four weeks ago with \$80,000 belonging to the Methodist Preachers' Aid society, has been seen in the City of Mexico. It appears that Allen attended the Methodist Episcopal church in that city, the pastor of which, the Rev. J. W. Butler, a former Bostonian, knows him well and recognized him. The Boston police have wired for Allen's arrest if he is still in Mexico.

Anthrax in Illinois.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Anthrax, which is dreaded by cattle owners and is fatal in most cases if it attacks human beings, has been reported to the health department as having broken out in a herd of cattle on a stock farm near Palatine, in this county. The department has taken steps to protect the milk supply of Chicago, which comes from the region about Palatine.

Morocco Insurgents Win Battle.

Paris, Aug. 31.—A dispatch received by the foreign office from Morocco says that a large imperial force which was going to the relief of the troops commanded by the sultan has been surprised and almost annihilated by insurgents.

CALEB POWERS FOUND GUILTY

Kentucky Official Convicted of Complicity in the Goebel Murder.

SENTENCED TO BE HANGED

Third Trial of the Ex-Secretary of State Results in Changing His Sentence From Life Imprisonment to Death.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 31.—The third trial of ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers for complicity in the murder of Governor William Goebel in January, 1900, has resulted in conviction, with the extreme penalty of hanging for the distinguished prisoner, who has been in the penitentiary for three years on life sentence.

The verdict of the jury of "guilty and the punishment of death" was reported into court. Several hundred people crowded the room, and the most in-



CALEB POWERS.

tense silence prevailed. The jury was polled, and each man declared the verdict of guilt to be his finding. Powers sat unmoved while his attorneys asked for time to make a motion for a new trial.

Judge Robbins formally overruled the motion for the granting of a new trial. He then passed the sentence of death upon him. After a declaration of the prisoner, "I am not guilty, Judge," the court fixed Nov. 25 next as the day for the execution. The attorneys for the defendant secured the granting of an appeal for the case to the Kentucky court of appeals, and if successful they may try to get the United States supreme court to take it under consideration.

Powers had nothing to say regarding the verdict except to express his surprise that such a result could be reached from the evidence presented. Powers is regarded as a strong man. He was elected secretary of state on the Republican ticket headed by W. S. Taylor for governor in 1890, but served only a few months, as all the state offices were contested by those on the Democratic ticket headed by William Goebel.

Third Trial Was With New Judge.

The former trials of Powers were before Judge James E. Cantrell of this city, but he was barred from sitting this time, and Governor Beckham appointed Judge Robbins.

Arthur Goebel, the brother of the victim and a prominent merchant of Cincinnati, who has spent his time and fortune for over three years in the prosecution of those accused of being in a conspiracy to kill his brother, broke down from the strain upon hearing the verdict.

Powers has been convicted twice before, this being the third trial in which the jury brought in a verdict of guilty against him. On his previous trials he escaped with a sentence of life imprisonment, as the evidence was not sufficiently strong against him to lead the jury to inflicting the extreme penalty. All three of the trials were held at Georgetown, and in each of them he had the assistance of the most able lawyers who could be procured.

The last trial was distinguished by the fact that Powers addressed the jury in his own behalf and in a long review of the case showed himself to be a very competent attorney, while his eloquence in pleading for his life astounded those who had watched him carefully in the past trials of the case.

Murderer Declared Sane.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The commission, Drs. Howard and Hurd, recently appointed by Governor Odell to examine into the sanity of Patrick Conklin, under death sentence in Sing Sing prison for the murder of his wife, has reported to the governor that Conklin is not insane. Conklin's execution will take place Sept. 8.

Cost of Damage to Battle Ship.

Washington, Aug. 31.—A report has been received at the navy department from the commandant of the navy yard at New York saying that an examination of the Massachusetts since she has been in dry dock shows that it will cost \$42,000 to repair the damages which she recently sustained near Bar Harbor.

Danville Rioters Convicted.

Danville, Ill., Oct. 31.—The jury in the case of the eight men on trial for participation in the riots of July 25, when the jail was attacked and a negro lynched, brought in a verdict finding all the accused guilty except William Redwine and Clay Riddles.

Must Face Trial in Canada.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The war department has surrendered George Curtis, alias Stewart, alias Codley, a deserter from the Ninth United States Infantry, to the Canadian authorities on the charge of robbing immigrants. After waiting extradition and confessing his guilt on reaching here he refused to cross to Canada.

MAY BE REAL FLYING MACHINE.

Inventor Berliner Said to Have Succeeded in Aerial Navigation.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Emile Berliner, the telephone inventor, has had successfully tested a flying machine, the principle employed being that of the aeroplane. The experiments so far have been conducted with a small machine which, unlike the Langley invention, requires no extra device to start it.

In the test made the Berliner aeroplane, without the aid of any power not generated by itself, lifted and maintained itself for a considerable time in the air at a distance of eight feet from the ground. The present model is capable of lifting while flying a weight of more than a pound for each square foot of horizontal area and maintaining a speed of something less than twenty miles an hour. The machine is constructed of aluminum and tin plate and has a weight of thirty-four pounds, excluding ballast. Its main body is made up of arches, open below and sloping down in the rear to wide tail ends.

In moving forward the arches produce a current of compressed air, exerting at the same time a parachute action, thus serving to support the structure. The actual lifting is done by the tailpieces catching the air current. The trials have been conducted by Mr. Berliner's son Edgar. Two skyrockets attached to the rear of the model supplied the motive power in the experiments.

Good Marksmanship in Georgia.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 31.—At the interstate shoot, just closed, the Marks trophy match was shot by three teams, two from Georgia and one from the United States marine corps. The Georgia team won on a total of 264 out of 375. The second Georgia team stood second and the marine corps third. The Levy medal went to Lieutenant R. J. Travis on a score of 64 out of a possible 70. He also won a prize at 200 yards, making seven straight bullseyes. W. T. Dixon won the revolver match cup by a score of 506, with G. Austen second with 505. He also won another pistol match and the Theus, the Estill and the Myers medals.

The Storm on the Jersey Coast.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 31.—In the heavy rain storm, accompanied by a fierce gale, that swept along the Jersey coast it is feared that several vessels have been wrecked. One steamer is reported ashore, and much wreckage is strewn along the beach at Barnegat. The life savers at Barnegat report a dock load of boards ashore there. The patrol has not sighted any vessels in distress. It is believed the lumber is from a vessel wrecked somewhere on the coast.

Indian Children and Public Lands.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Aug. 31.—Ora Cecelia Robtallie, an infant, versus the United States was the title of an action begun in the United States court in this city. The case is an important one, as it is brought to decide whether Indian children are to have land allotments in the future, the secretary of the interior having held that children of adult Indians born after July 21, 1900, shall not be given land as heretofore.

Bad Fire in Railroad Tunnel.

Bristol, Tenn., Aug. 31.—Fire has done great damage in the Craigen tunnel on the Clinch Valley division of the Norfolk and Western railroad, and all traffic west of the tunnel is being routed east via Bristol over the Virginia and Southwestern railroad. All efforts to subside the flames were futile. It is supposed that the fire was caused by the ignition of a stratum of coal in the tunnel.

No Help For Jamaica.

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 31.—Consternation has been caused here by the receipt of information that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain has refused to sanction the proposal of Governor Hemming to raise a loan of \$2,500,000 to assist the ruined planters and provide relief work for persons who are destitute and without employment.

Lost His Life For \$10.

Mayville, Ky., Aug. 31.—A buggy occupied by David Dally of Mayville and William Malone of Manchester, O., ran into one occupied by Clarence Thomas and William Jackson, colored. The colored men demanded \$10 damages, but Dally insisted on waiting for settlement. Thomas shot and killed Dally. Both negroes are in jail.

Bad Weather Closes Hotels.

Catskill, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Thousands of summer guests have flocked cityward, the recent prevailing cold rains driving them from the mountain resorts. All south bound steamboats and trains are crowded. It is thought that a number of the large hotels in the Catskills will close the season before Labor day.

Treason in German Army.

Berlin, Aug. 31.—A sergeant and six privates employed in a German army magazine near Metz have been arrested on the charge of selling to agents of a foreign power the secret of manufacturing a new bomb fuse. They will probably be tried for high treason.

Dead at One Hundred and Seven.

Laporte, Ind., Aug. 31.—Mrs. U. L. Turczynna, residing near Terre Coupee, is dead at the age of 107 years. She was born in Poland and for more than half a century had lived in Laporte and St. Joseph counties. Family records substantiate her age.

Ex-Governor of Nebraska Dead.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 31.—Captain A. J. Pearmann, "squatter" governor of Nebraska under the territorial agreement, is dead at his home in Papillion, a suburb of this city. He was seventy-four years old.

AFTER TWENTY YEARS OF SUFFERING

From backache and using many kinds of backache cures, I have never found anything that gave me so much relief as

DR. GOSSOM'S
KIDNEY AND BLADDER CURE,

says Wm. W. Stewart, 391 May Street, Buffalo.

This wonderful remedy is guaranteed by the manufacturers to cure any form of kidney or bladder trouble. It is sold at 50c a box by

E. A. DROWN, 48 No. Main St.

Civil War General Dead.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 31.—Brigadier General William H. Penrose, U. S. A., retired, has died of typhoid fever at his home in this city. General Penrose was commissioned from Michigan as second lieutenant in the regular army in 1861, became colonel of the Fifth New Jersey volunteer infantry in 1863 and at the close of the civil war was a brigadier general of volunteers. He re-entered the regular service in 1868.

Missouri Mine Strike Averted.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Missouri miners 10,000 of whom were expecting to strike upon the anticipated breaking off of negotiations in progress between President John Mitchell and representatives of the Missouri operators, will not strike for some time, if at all. The break in the conference did not occur, and a strike order will probably not be issued, as the representatives adjourned to meet in Kansas City Sept. 10.

Yellow Fever in Mexico.

Laredo, Tex., Aug. 31.—The continuing reports of yellow fever at Monterrey, Mexico, which have caused much uneasiness along the border, have been confirmed, and as a result the federal and state authorities have established a rigid quarantine. The authorities at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, also have established a quarantine against yellow fever infected points.

Ibsen in No Immediate Danger.

Copenhagen, Aug. 31.—The condition of Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian dramatist, who has been ill for some time and who was reported by a Berlin paper to be near death, has undergone no recent change, and it is announced here that the patient is in no immediate danger. Lately Mr. Ibsen has been able to take a short walk or drive daily.

Cigarettes Cause Boy's Death.

Worcester, Mass., Aug. 31.—A special to the Telegram from Northbridge says that Alexander, six years old, son of Frank Lafash of Northbridge, has died from burns. He and another little fellow got some matches and stole away to smoke cigarettes. The Lafash boy's clothes got afire, and he was terribly burned from his hips up.

Canadian Indians Restive.

Montreal, Aug. 31.—The interior department in Ottawa has been notified that the greatest unrest exists among the Indians of British Columbia. The provincial detective force has been constantly on the watch and has now called upon the mounted police force for aid. Extensive measures are being taken to nip the trouble in the bud as soon as it becomes acute.

Escaped From Fortress Monroe.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 31.—By sawing through the heavy steel bars that kept them from liberty and swimming a wide moat five long term military prisoners who had been confined in the water battery casemates of Fortress Monroe have made their escape.

Mary Anderson to Reappear.

New York, Aug. 31.—It is reported here that "Our Mary" Anderson (Mme. de Navarro), the famous retired American actress, will give a series of 100 readings in this country. Mme. de Navarro lives in England.

New Fourth Class Postmaster.
Washington, Aug. 31.—Arthur E. Chase has been appointed a fourth class postmaster at Exeter, Me.

Largest in the World



are the
mills
where
Pillsbury's
Best Flour
is made.
Their
capacity is
thirty
thousand barrels a day.